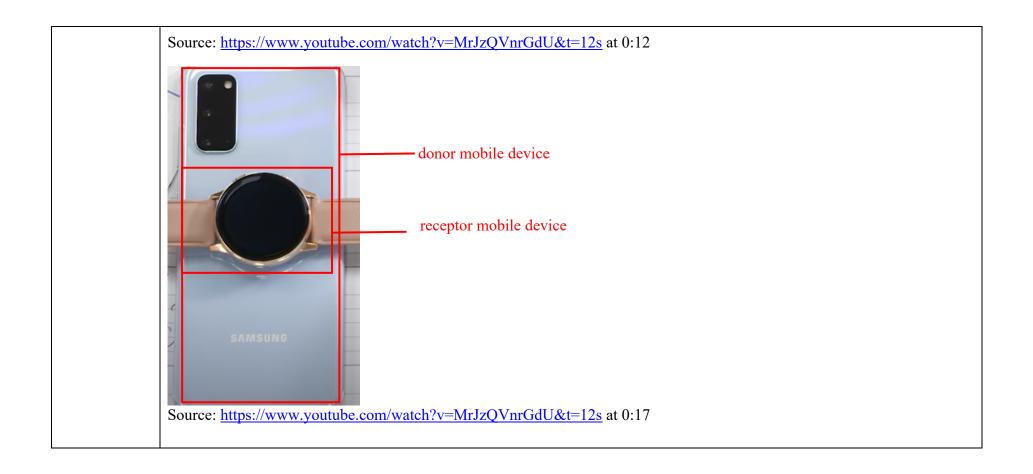
U.S. Patent No. US 10,454,305 v. Samsung

1. Claim Chart

Claim	Analysis
[4.P] A method for transferring	Samsung ("Company") performs and/or induces others to perform a method for transferring power to a receptor mobile device from a donor mobile device having a battery.
power to a receptor	This element is infringed literally, or in the alternative, under the doctrine of equivalents.
-	For example, Company provides mobile devices such as Galaxy and Foldable smartphones and smartwatches including, but not limited to, the Galaxy S20 series, Galaxy smartwatches (taken here as an exemplary unit), and Galaxy Z fold phones, that comprise a feature of 'Wireless PowerShare' or 'Reverse Charging' and are compliant with Qi, a standard for wireless power transfer.
comprising;	Further, in PowerShare, the power is transferred wirelessly from a battery of one Galaxy device such as a smartphone ("donor mobile device") to the battery of another Galaxy device such as a smartwatch ("receptor mobile device") such that the smartwatch gets charged.
	Wireless PowerShare Ready to charge Put the center of your phone back to back with another device.



Most Qi-Compatible Samsung devices can be charged with Wireless PowerShare, but check out the full list of compatible devices below just in case. The speed and power of the charge will vary by device.

- Galaxy Note phones: Galaxy Note20 5G, Note20 Ultra 5G, Note10+, Note10, Note9, Note8, and Note 5
- Galaxy S phones: S23 series, S22 series, S21 series, S20 series, S10 series, S9 series, S8 series, S7 series, and S6 series
- Foldable phones: Galaxy Z Fold, Z Fold2, Z Fold3, Z Fold4, Z Fold5, Z Flip, Z Flip 5G, Z Flip3, Z Flip4, and Z Flip5
- Samsung earbuds: Galaxy Buds Pro, Galaxy Buds Pro 2, Galaxy Buds Live, Galaxy Buds+, Galaxy Buds2, and Galaxy Buds
- Samsung smart watches: Galaxy Watch 5 Pro, Galaxy Watch5, Galaxy Watch4, Galaxy Watch4 Classic, Galaxy Watch, Galaxy Watch3, Galaxy Watch Active, and Galaxy Watch Active2
- Additional devices: Galaxy S7/S7 Edge, Galaxy S8/S8+, and Galaxy S9/S9+

Source: https://www.samsung.com/us/support/answer/ANS00047798/

Charging your devices can easily become a tangled mess. Fortunately, Samsung is here to help with our wireless charging options. Between our PowerShare technology and our wireless charging pads, like the **Wireless Charger Duo**, you no longer have to worry about accidentally yanking the charger out of the wall when you pick up your attached phone. Depending on which **wireless charger** you have, you can charge up to three devices at once. With PowerShare, you can charge a compatible phone, smart watch, or earbuds by placing it on your Galaxy phone.

Source: https://www.samsung.com/us/support/answer/ANS00047798/

Further, to the extent this element is performed at least in part by Defendant's software source code, Plaintiff shall supplement these contentions pursuant to production of such source code by the Company.

[4.1] configuring a receptor wireless power transfer mechanism on the receptor

Company performs and induces others to perform the method of configuring a receptor wireless power transfer mechanism on the receptor mobile device using a wireless receive application.

This element is infringed literally, or in the alternative, under the doctrine of equivalents.

mobile device
using a
wireless
receive
application;

For example, the Galaxy smartwatch is placed back-to-back on the Galaxy smartphone such that the smartwatch gets charged. Therefore, it would be apparent that the smartwatch comprises a wireless receive application that is activated such that the smartwatch starts getting charged.



Source: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MrJzQVnrGdU&t=12s at 0:12

	Galaxy S20 5G		Galaxy S20 FE 5G	<u> </u>
	Charging ⁵			
	Super Fast Charging		Super Fast Charging	
	Fast Wireless Charging 2.0		Fast Wireless Charging 2.0	
	Wireless PowerShare		Wireless PowerShare	
	Source: https://www.samsung.com/globa	ıl/galaxy/compare	-smartphones/	
	Further, to the extent this element is perfethese contentions pursuant to production			le, Plaintiff shall supplen
[4.2] determining a receptor				
power threshold	This element is infringed literally, or in the alternative, under the doctrine of equivalents.			
using a wireless receive application;	For example, in the Qi wireless power transfer system, the power receiver or the smartwatch includes an output disconne switch, which gets activated when the power receiver reaches a voltage peak. Furthermore, a Power Receiver is designed that when wireless power is not required, the Power Receiver will send an End Power Transfer Packet to put the Pow Transmitter in standby mode. Therefore, it would be apparent to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the smartwatch gets charged until the battery of the smartwatch reaches a specific power threshold receptor.			

An output disconnect switch, which prevents current from flowing to the output when the
 Power Receiver does not provide power at its output. In addition, the output disconnect switch
 prevents current back flow into the Power Receiver when the Power Receiver does not provide
 power at its output. Moreover, the output disconnect switch minimizes the power that the
 Power Receiver draws from the Power Transmitter when a Power Signal is first applied to the
 Secondary Coil.

Source: https://www.wirelesspowerconsortium.com/knowledge-base/specifications/download-the-qi-specifications/V-1.3-Power Delivery, Page 13

The Power Receiver shall have the means to disconnect its output from the subsystems connected thereto. If the Power Receiver has disconnected its output, it shall ensure that it still draws a sufficient amount of power from the Power Transmitter, such that Power Receiver to Power Transmitter communications remain possible (see *Qi Specification, Communications Physical Layer*).

The Power Receiver shall keep its output disconnected until it reaches the *power transfer* phase for the first time after a Digital Ping (see the *Qi Specification, Communications Protocol*). Subsequently, the Power Receiver may operate the output disconnect switch any time while the Power Transmitter applies a Power Signal.

NOTE: The Power Receiver may experience a voltage peak when operating the output disconnect switch (and changing between maximum and near-zero power dissipation).

 $Source: \underline{https://www.wirelesspowerconsortium.com/knowledge-base/specifications/download-the-qi-specifications/V-1.3-\underline{Power_Delivery}\ , Page\ 17$

It is recommended that the Power Transmitter Product's power consumption in stand-by mode of operation meets the Energy Star EPS Requirements for "Energy consumption for No-Load" and the European Commission, Code of Conduct of Energy Efficiency of External Power Supplies for "No-load power consumption." It is also recommended that a Power Receiver is designed in a manner that when wireless power is not required, the Power Receiver will send an End Power Transfer Packet to put the Power Transmitter Product in stand-by mode.

Source: https://www.wirelesspowerconsortium.com/knowledge-base/specifications/download-the-qi-specifications/V-1.3-Power Delivery, Page 45

Further, to the extent this element is performed at least in part by Defendant's software source code, Plaintiff shall supplement these contentions pursuant to production of such source code by the Company.

[4.3] receiving from power donor the mobile device and converting received into power electric current using the receptor wireless power transfer mechanism;

Company performs and induces others to perform the method of receiving power from the donor mobile device and converting received power into electric current using the wireless power transfer mechanism.

This element is infringed literally, or in the alternative, under the doctrine of equivalents.

For example, the Qi wireless power transfer system uses magnetic induction to transfer power from the power transmitter to the power receiver. Further, when charging begins, the magnetic field is picked up by the coil inside the Power Receiver and transformed by a power converter back into a direct electrical current that can be used to charge the battery.

3 How Qi wireless power transfer works

3.1 Basic concepts

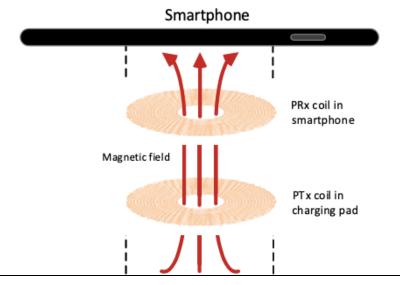
The Qi wireless power transfer system uses magnetic induction to transfer power from a Power Transmitter Product (charger) to a Power Receiver Product (smartphone).

Source: https://www.wirelesspowerconsortium.com/knowledge-base/specifications/download-the-qi-specifications/V-1.3-introduction, Page 8

When charging begins, the Power Transmitter runs an alternating electrical current through its coil(s), which generates an alternating magnetic field in accordance with Faraday's law. This magnetic field is in turn picked up by the coil inside the Power Receiver and transformed by a power converter back into a direct electrical current that can be used to charge the battery.

A critical feature of the magnetic field is that it can transfer through any non-metallic, non-ferrous materials, such as plastics, glass, water, wood, and air. In other words, wires and connectors are not needed between the Power Transmitter Product and Power Receiver Product.

Figure 6. Qi wireless power transfer using magnetic induction



	Source: https://www.wirelesspowerconsortium.com/knowledge-base/specifications/download-the-qi-specifications/V-1.3-introduction , Page 9
	Further, to the extent this element is performed at least in part by Defendant's software source code, Plaintiff shall supplement these contentions pursuant to production of such source code by the Company.
[4.4] wherein the wireless power transfer	Company performs and induces others to perform the method wherein the wireless power transfer mechanism includes a power adapter having a capacitor to store an electric charge, such that battery life increases when the capacitor is discharged.
mechanism includes a	This element is infringed literally, or in the alternative, under the doctrine of equivalents. For example, the power receiver circuitry comprises a coil and a capacitor such that the battery in the receiver gets charged.
power adapter having a capacitor to store an electric	Further, the power receiver sends a signal to stop the power transfer to the power transmitter when wireless power is not required. Therefore, it would be apparent to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the capacitor is used for storing an electric charge which further increases the battery life of the power receiver, and the battery life increase is based on the specific power threshold.
charge, such that battery	
life increases when the	
capacitor is discharged.	

Figure 11 illustrates a simplified model of the system comprising a Power Transmitter on the left and a Power Receiver on the right. For clarity, the load circuit is drawn separately from the Power Receiver. The Power Transmitter consists of a power source $(u_{\rm op}, f_{\rm op})$, a capacitance $C_{\rm p}$, an inductance $L_{\rm p}$, and a resistance $R_{\rm p}$. The power source supplies a sinusoidal voltage $u_{\rm op}$ at a frequency $f_{\rm op}$. The Power Receiver consists of a capacitance $C_{\rm s}$, an inductance $L_{\rm s}$, and a resistance $R_{\rm s}$.

A load having an impedance Z_L is connected to the output terminals of the Power Receiver. The symbols u_L , i_L , i_p , and k_{op} represent the load voltage, load current, Primary Coil current, and coupling factor.

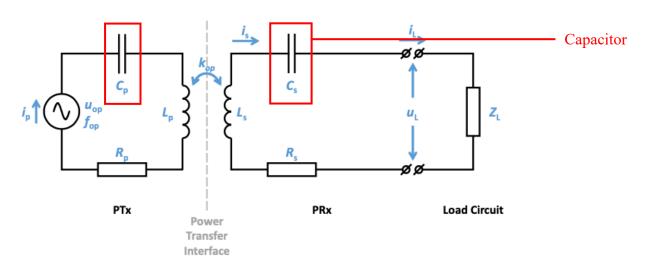


Figure 11. Simplified system model

Source: https://www.wirelesspowerconsortium.com/knowledge-base/specifications/download-the-qi-specifications/V-1.3-Power_Delivery, Page 33

Further, to the extent this element is performed at least in part by Defendant's software source code, Plaintiff shall supplement these contentions pursuant to production of such source code by the Company.

2. List of References

- 1. https://www.samsung.com/us/mobile/galaxy-s20-5g/buy/galaxy-s20-fe-5g-128gb-unlocked-sm-g781uzbmxaa/, last accessed on 19 December, 2023.
- 2. https://www.samsung.com/us/support/troubleshooting/TSG01109653/, last accessed on 19 December, 2023.
- 3. https://www.samsung.com/us/support/answer/ANS00047798/, last accessed on 19 December, 2023.
- 4. https://www.wirelesspowerconsortium.com/knowledge-base/specifications/download-the-qi-specifications/, last accessed on 19 December, 2023.
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YcGLPV8Ov-o, last accessed on 19 December, 2023.